# Metro Cost Benefit Analysis and Methodology 2025-0543

Planning and Programming Committee
Construction Committee
July 16, 2025



## Metro Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA) Methodology

### Recommendation:

ADOPT the recommended Metro Cost Benefit Analysis Methodology



# Weighted Goals and Objectives, Project Costs

(Subject to additional validation and sensitivity analysis)

#### **Mobility and Accessibility (40%)**

- Primary benefit area focusing on travel time savings across different user groups and transportation modes
- Reliability, congestion reduction, and connectivity to jobs, housing, and opportunities

#### Safety and Health Benefits (15%)

- Reductions in transportation system risks across multiple modes
- Improved access to safe active transportation infrastructure and health care facilities

#### **Environmental Sustainability (15%)**

- Greenhouse gas emissions reductions, criteria pollutants, urban heat island effects, and biological impacts
- Aligns with SB 375 targets and Metro's climate goals

#### **Long-Term Operational Sustainability (15%)**

- New category addressing fiscal decisions ensuring continuity in infrastructure and service delivery
- Operational benefits, system productivity, funding sufficiency for operations and maintenance

#### **Economic Benefits to the Region (15%)**

- Regional economic output despite federal funding exclusions
- Job creation analysis, productivity improvements, and sales tax revenue potential

#### Costs to include (based on level of project design)

- Capital costs
- Operations and maintenance
- State of good repair

## June 2025 Staff Presentation and Committee Discussions

- Adequacy of weights for priority goals (i.e., economic output, safety)
  - Weighted goals are subject to validation and sensitivity testing to determine how weights affect projects' total performance
- Inclusion of other goals, such as addressing homelessness and housing, and improving security and personal safety of our customers
  - Quantitative measures of project contributions to these goals is infeasible, but qualitative information will be presented as part of the Project Profile
- ☐ When should CBA be conducted
  - Strategic milestone decisions in project development considering benefits relative to cost (e.g, alternatives analysis, selection of Locally Preferred Alternative, project approval, etc.)
- ☐ How CBAs will be used to support the Decennial Review process
  - Evaluations presented will provide information about projects' benefits related to their costs, and are not to be used in comparing projects against each other
- ☐ Potential liability in developing a Metro CBA that may be used to challenge a CEQA/NEPA environmental assessment
  - CBAs are used in other agencies and across the industry in addition to environmental analyses

## Strengths and Limitations of Cost Benefit Analysis

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- Provides an analysis of benefits relative to costs over time
  - Net Present Value (NPV), Return on Investment (ROI), Benefit Cost Ratio (BCR), Payback Period, Internal Rate of Return (IRR)
- Not all benefits or costs are quantifiable or easily monetized
- Project Profiles to include both quantitative and qualitative assessments relative to cost
- Unsuitable for comparing projects of different modes, sizes, types
- Effective for evaluating value of a project across its project development cycle
- ? Analysis can be data intensive and complex
- Will start with existing state and federal guidance, and build upon existing work

## **Next Steps**

- Apply Metro CBA to projects as they reach critical milestones
- Conduct sensitivity testing and validate the analyses
- Continue to refine the CBA methodology as a continuously evolving tool

